Jupiter Merian North American Equity Fund

The Systematic Equities Team

Fund Objective and Investment Policy

The objective of the Fund is to seek to achieve long term capital growth through the active management of a diversified portfolio invested primarily in North American stock markets. It is not proposed to concentrate investments in any one industry or sector. In seeking to achieve its investment objective, the fund aims to deliver a return, net of fees, greater than that of the MSCI North America Index with net dividends re-invested over rolling 3 year periods.

Risk and Reward Profile



Synthetic Risk Reward Indicator (SRRI): The SRRI is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund. The lowest category does not mean 'no risk'. Please see the KIID for further information.



Fund Ratings and Awards

© Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Fund Performance as at 31.03.2024

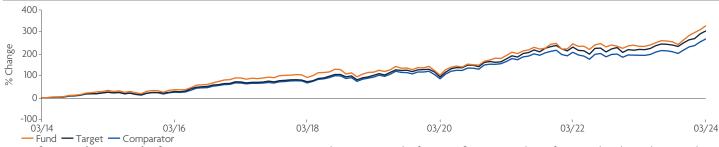
Performance (%)

	1 m	3 m	YTD	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs
Fund	4.3	11.6	11.6	28.1	46.2	97.9	328.2
Target Benchmark	3.3	11.0	11.0	26.3	45.9	100.3	304.5
Comparator Benchmark	3.7	10.8	10.8	25.2	38.7	89.8	267.8
Quartile Ranking	2	2	2	2	2	2	1

Rolling 12-month Performance (%)

	01 Apr '23 to	01 Apr '22 to	01 Apr '21 to	01 Apr '20 to	01 Apr '19 to	01 Apr '18 to	01 Apr '17 to	01 Apr '16 to	01 Apr '15 to	01 Apr '14 to
	31 Mar '24		31 Mar '22	31 Mar '21	31 Mar '20		31 Mar '18	31 Mar '17	31 Mar '16	31 Mar '15
Fund	28.1	-3.3	18.0	44.6	-6.4	12.7	1.0	39.5	2.3	33.2
Target Benchmark	26.3	-3.2	19.4	42.5	-3.7	16.8	0.6	34.0	2.9	24.5
Comparator Benchmark	25.2	-4.4	15.8	42.5	-3.9	15.8	0.4	33.5	-0.4	25.3
Calendar Year Performance	(%)									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Fund	17.9	-6.5	27.8	15.3	21.1	-3.9	12.3	36.7	7.7	24.0
Target Benchmark	18.9	-9.4	27.6	16.2	25.7	0.1	10.4	33.1	4.8	18.9
Comparator Benchmark	16.7	-10.1	25.2	16.5	24.6	-1.2	10.5	30.1	4.5	17.8

Performance Over 10 Years (%)



Past performance does not predict future returns. Returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. The performance data shown does not take account of the commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of units. Source: © 2024 Morningstar UK Limited via FactSet. All Rights Reserved. Fund performance data for I GBP ACC is calculated on a NAV to NAV basis, income reinvested, net of fees. All information as at 31.03.2024 unless otherwise stated. The benchmark is a representation of the markets in which the fund primarily invests and as such is an appropriate benchmark for the fund to seek to outperform and may also be used as a point of reference against which the fund's performance of other share classes may differ, and any reported quartile ranking figures may refer to different share classes. Sector averages and rankings may change at any time. The fund class performance has been extended using the performance of an older share classe.

Risks

Investment risk - there is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objective. A capital loss of some or all of the amount invested may occur. **Geographic concentration risk** - a fall in the US and Canadian markets may have a significant impact on the value of the Fund because it primarily invests in these markets. **Company shares (i.e. equities) risk** - the value of Company shares (i.e. equities) and similar investments may go down as well as up in response to the performance of individual companies and can be affected by daily stock market movements and general market conditions. Other influential factors include political, economic news, company earnings and significant corporate events. **Currency risk** - the Fund can be exposed to different currencies. The value of your shares may rise and fall as a result of exchange rate movements. **Derivative risk** - the Fund uses derivatives to reduce costs and/or the overall risk of the Fund (i.e. Efficient Portfolio Management (EPM)). Derivatives involve a level of risk, however, for EPM they should not increase the overall riskiness of the Fund. Derivatives also involve counterparty risk where the institutions acting as counterparty to derivatives may not meet their contractual obligations. For a more detailed explanation of risks, please refer to the "**Risk Factors**" section of the prospectus.



Fund Holdings as at 31.03.2024

Apple Inc	6.3
Microsoft Corp	4.7
Nvidia Corp	3.6
Meta Platforms Inc Class A	2.5
Amazon Com Inc	2.1
Visa Inc Class A	2.0
Alphabet Inc Class C	1.6
Netflix Inc	1.5
Adobe Inc	1.4
Toll Brothers Inc	1.4
Total	27.1

	Netweight
Information Technology	26.8
Communication Services	12.4
Consumer Discretionary	11.9
Health Care	10.6
Industrials	10.0
Financials	8.4
Consumer Staples	6.1
Energy	4.3
Utilities	4.0
Materials	1.6
Real Estate	1.4
	97.5
Other	2.6
Cash	-0.0
Total	100.0

Industry Allocation (%)

Please note due to rounding of figures they may not add up to 100%.

Charges and Codes

charges and c	Loues							
Share Class	Income Distribution Policy	ISIN	Bloomberg	Initial Charge (MAX.)	Fixed Annual Charge	Ongoing Charges Figure	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Top Up Investment
I GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00B1XG9G04	OMNAECA LN	0.00%	0.95%	0.95%	GBP 1,000,000	GBP 100,000
L GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00B1XG7P54	OMNAECA LN	4.00%	1.70%	1.70%	GBP 500	GBP 250
P GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00B1XG8M98	OMNAEBA LN	4.00%	1.20%	1.20%	GBP 500	GBP 250
U1 GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BHBX8800	OMNAAU1 LN	0.00%	0.88%	0.88%	GBP 25,000,000	GBP 500,000
U2 GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BHBX8917	OMNAU2A LN	0.00%	0.80%	0.80%	GBP 50,000,000	GBP 1,000,000
I GBP INC	Accumulation	GB00BMWRV765	JUNAEIG LN	0.00%	0.95%	0.95%	GBP 1,000,000	GBP 100,000
J GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BMWRV872	JUNAEJG LN	0.00%	1.30%	1.30%	GBP 500	GBP 250
J GBP INC	Accumulation	GB00BMWRV989	JUNAJGI LN	0.00%	1.30%	1.30%	GBP 500	GBP 250
L GBP INC	Accumulation	GB00BMWRVB01	JUNAELG LN	4.00%	1.70%	1.70%	GBP 500	GBP 250

The ongoing charges figure is based on the fixed annual charge as detailed in the Scheme Particulars. With effect from 23/02/24 the fixed annual charge may be subject to a discount based on the value of the Fund's scheme property. The current discount rate, if applicable, can be found at www.jupiteram.com/tiered-pricing. Where the Fund invests in other underlying funds, which may include closed-ended funds such as investment trusts, the ongoing charges figure will include the ongoing charges for those funds, and will therefore vary from year to year. The ongoing charges figure excludes portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/ exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling shares in another collective investment undertaking.

Fund Information as at 31.03.2024

Product Information

Historic Yield	0.19%	2023-12-31		
Yield		As At Date		
Comparator Benchmark:	IA North America			
Target Benchmark:	MSCI North America Index with net dividends re-invested			
Morningstar Category:	EAA Fund US Flex-Cap Equity			
Launch Date Share Class:	05.04.2012			
Launch Date Fund:	06.04.1985			

Please refer to the Glossary section of the Factsheet for the Historic Yield methodology.

Price Information Valuation Day: Every Business Day in the United Kingdom Base Currency Fund: GBP Currency Share Class: GBP Available on: www.jupiteram.com Fund Size Fund Value: Fund Value: GBP 1,996m Holdings: 156

Other Information:

Past performance is not a guide to future performance and may not be repeated. Investment involves risk. The value of investments and the income from them may go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Because of this, an investor is not certain to make a profit on an investment and may lose money. Exchange rate changes may cause the value of overseas investments to rise or fall.

• The net asset value of the Fund may have high volatility due to the nature of the asset class invested.

Your attention is drawn to the stated investment policy which is set out in the Fund's prospectus.

Index and Sector Disclaimer. Neither MSCI nor any other party involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating the MSCI data makes any express or implied warranties or representations with respect to such data (or the results to be obtained by the use thereof), and all such parties hereby expressly disclaim all warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any of such data. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall MSCI, any of its affiliates or any third party involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating the data have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages.No further distribution or dissemination of the MSCI data is permitted without MSCI's express written consent.



Contact: Jupiter Investment Management Limited Telephone: 08005614000 Email: enquiries@jupiteronline.co.uk www.jupiteram.com

On the 15 February 2021, the Merian North American Equity Fund changed its name to the Jupiter Merian North American Equity Fund.

This communication is issued by Jupiter Investment Management Limited, The Zig Zag Building, 70 Victoria Street, London, SWIE 6SQ, United Kingdom. Jupiter Investment Management Limited is registered in England and Wales (number: 02949554) and is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FRN: 171847). The Jupiter Merian North American Equity Fund (the "Fund") is a sub-fund of Jupiter Investment Management Series II (an investment company with variable capital incorporated in England and Wales) and is authority. The Fund can be distributed to the public in the United Kingdom.

Jupiter uses all reasonable skill and care in compiling the information in this communication which is accurate only on the date of this communication. You should not rely upon the information in this communication in making investment decisions. Nothing in this communication constitutes advice or personal recommendation. An investor should read the Key Investor Information Document(s) ("KIID") before investing in the Fund. The KIID and the prospectus can be obtained from www.jupiteram.com in English and other required languages.

© 2024 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. For more detailed information about Morningstar's Medalist Rating, including its methodology, please go to: https://shareholders.morningstar.com/investor-relations/governance/Compliance--Disclosure/default.aspx The Morningstar Medalist RatingTM is the summary expression of Morningstar's forward-looking analysis of investment strategies as offered via specific vehicles using a rating scale of Gold, Silver, Bronze, Neutral, and Negative. The Medalist Ratings indicate which investments Morningstar believes are likely to outperform a relevant index or peer group average on a risk-adjusted basis over time. Investment products are evaluated on three key pillars (People, Parent, and Process) which, when coupled with a fee assessment, forms the basis for Morningstar's conviction in those products' investment merits and determines the Medalist Rating they're assigned. Pillar ratings take the form of Low, Below Average, Average, Above Average, and High. Pillars may be evaluated via an analyst's qualitative assessment (either directly to a vehicle the analyst covers or indirectly when the pillar ratings of a covered vehicle are mapped to a related uncovered vehicle) or using algorithmic techniques. Vehicles are sorted by their expected performance into rating groups defined by their Morningstar Category and their active or passive status. When analysts directly cover a vehicle, they assign the three pillar ratings based on their qualitative assessment, subject to the oversight of the Analyst Rating Committee, and monitor and reevaluate them at least every 14 months. When the vehicles are covered either indirec

The Morningstar Medalist Ratings are not statements of fact, nor are they credit or risk ratings. The Morningstar Medalist Rating (i) should not be used as the sole basis in evaluating an investment product, (ii) involves unknown risks and uncertainties which may cause expectations not to occur or to differ significantly from what was expected, (iii) are not guaranteed to be based on complete or accurate assumptions or models when determined algorithmically, (iv) involve the risk that the return target will not be met due to such things as unforeseen changes in management, technology, economic development, interest rate development, operating and/or material costs, competitive pressure, supervisory law, exchange rate, tax rates, exchange rate changes, and/or changes in political and social conditions, and (v) should not be used an offer or solicitation to buy or sell the investment product. A change in the fundamental factors underlying the Morningstar Medalist Rating can mean that the rating is subsequently no longer accurate.

Morningstar Medalist Rating Analyst Driven Percent:100

Morningstar Medalist Rating Data Coverage Percent:100



Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms

Absolute return: the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.

Ask / Bid price: the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.

Bond: a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See **Coupon**.

Convertibles: securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See **Bond**.

Coupon: denotes the interest in % paid on a bond See Bond.

Credit rating: an assessment of a borrower's credit worthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.

Derivative: a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See **Hedge, Leverage**.

Distribution Yield: reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed over the next twelve months as a percentage of the price of the fund as at the date shown. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions.

Duration/Modified Duration: Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. Modified duration estimates the effect that a 1% change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund.

Economic Gross: the gross exposure adjusted to account for investments with mutually exclusive outcomes, for example a short position hedge on a share that is also held as a long position. See **Gross exposure**, **Long/short position**, **Hedge**.

Effective duration: estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See **Bond**.

Engagement: means dialogue with management teams and boards, including nonexecutive directors. Engagement enables us to assess and influence how businesses are managed.

Equity: a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.

Exchange Traded Fund (ETF): a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index.

Exposure: describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See **Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure**.

Fixed interest/income: denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See **Bond**.

Floating rate note (FRN): a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See **Bond**.

Futures: an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See **Bond Future, Derivative**.

Gearing: measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See Leverage.

Gross exposure: the percentage value of the long positions plus the percentage value of the short positions. See **Net exposure**.

Hedge: an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See **Derivative**.

High Water Mark: the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12-month accounting period. See **Net Asset Value**.

High yield bond: a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See **Bond**, **Coupon**.

Historic yield: reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the price, as at the date shown. It does not include any initial charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.

Hurdle Rate: the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See **Performance fee**.

Leverage: the use of financial instruments (e.g. debt) to increase the potential return of an investment. See **Notional value**.

Liquidity: measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.

Long/short position: a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with

the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.

Maturity: refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See **Bond**.

Money market: markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. Money market instruments are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.

Net asset value (NAV): in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.

Net exposure: the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See **Gross Exposure**, **Long/short Position**.

Non-rated bonds: bonds that are not rated. See Bond.

Notional value: commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See **Derivative**.

Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC): a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See **Net Asset Value**.

Performance fee: a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a hurdle rate.

Preferred bonds: have greater seniority when a bond issuer repays its debts. In the event that the issuer cannot repay all its debt, the holders of preferred bonds will be further forward in the queue for repayment than holders of other ('non-preferred') bonds.

Share: a unit of ownership interest in a company or financial asset. Also Equity.

SICAV:Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.

Spread: the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See **Ask/Bid price**.

Stewardship: our responsibility to understand and manage investment risks we take on behalf of our clients. We consider material Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') information in the same way as we consider other types of investment analysis. These three factors enable us to evaluate how companies interact with the Environment (such as climate change), Society (human rights) and Governance (management). Stewardship entails a responsibility to monitor and engage with the companies in which we invest.

Sustainability: by appropriately considering ESG risks and engaging with companies, we strive to generate long term, sustainable returns for our clients.

Total return: the capital gain or loss plus any income generated by an investment over a given period.

Underlying Yield: reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed, net of expenses, over the next twelve months as a percentage of the price of the fund as at the date shown. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions.

Unit Trust: A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.

Value at Risk (VaR): value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.

Volatility: measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.

Yield to Maturity (YTM): measures the annual return an investor can anticipate for holding a particular bond until it matures. When considering an entire bond portfolio, an average yield is used based on the weightings of individual bonds within that portfolio.

