# Global Macro Allocation Fund

'I' shares, GBP As at end March 2024



#### **Fund overview**

The Fund aims to provide total returns comprised of capital growth (to grow the value of your investment) and income over at least 5 years.

While the Fund aims to achieve a positive return, there is no guarantee it will be achieved over 5 years or over any period of time and there is risk of loss.

The Fund invests in a broad range of assets around the world. These assets may include shares of companies (which may be of any size and in any industry sector), bonds (or similar debt-based assets), commodities, property and other alternative assets (such as hedge funds, infrastructure funds and private equity funds). Investments indirectly (e.g. using derivatives (financial contracts whose value is linked to the price of an underlying asset), exchange traded products and/or through funds).

The Fund's performance can be compared to a return of 7% each year in GBP. We believe it is a reasonable reference point by which to measure the Fund's returns based on current market conditions and the principal asset types available for investment. Fund performance can also be compared to the IA sector average. Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics.

#### Monthly and annual average performance (%)

	1 month	1 year	annuali	sed ar	nualised	annualised
Fund - I Acc GBP	2.9	-7.0	-(	0.3	4.0	5.6
Sector	2.8	10.1	-	3.5	5.7	5.9
Fund/Sector rank	86/164	160/161	127/	141	94/124	57/81
Calendar year performance (%)						
	YTD	2023	2022	202	1 2020	2019
Fund - I Acc GBP	-2.6	-2.8	1.2	6.6	10.8	13.5
Performance reference	1.7	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Sector	4.5	7.3	-9.1	11.4	7.0	15.6
Fund/Sector rank	161/163	154/159	9/148	111/138	39/127	88/120
Rolling 12 month performance (%)						
	31.03.23	31.03.22	31.03	3.21	31.03.20	31.03.19
	-31.03.24	-31.03.23	-31.03	3.22	-31.03.21	-31.03.20
Fund - I Acc GBP	-7.0	4.5		1.9	37.1	-10.4
Performance reference	7.0	7.0		7.0	7.0	7.0
Sector	10.1	-4.0	į	5.0	29.4	-8.0

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Investors must read the Kev Information Document (or Key Investor Information Document where relevant) and Prospectus prior to investing.

#### **Key facts**

Cunningham, Alex Holroyd-Jones Fund size: GBP 92.9m Fund launch date: 07.01.94 I Acc GBP share class launch date: 03.03.08 Domicile: United Kingdom Sector: IA Flexible Investment Performance reference: 7% p.a. (GBP) 'I' share class dealing currency: GBP Risk and reward profile (KIID SRRI): 5 out of 7

Portfolio managers: Jimmy Elliot, Iain

#### 'I' Acc Share class charges

Maximum initial charge: 0.00% Ongoing charge: 0.92%

#### Other information

Pricing: 12 noon (forward pricing) Minimum investment: GBP1,000,000 lump sum

# 'I' Acc GBP

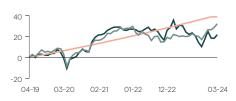
ISIN: GB00B2Q1JB44 Sedol: B2Q1JB4 Distribution Payment dates: 30 Nov

## 'I' Inc GBP

ISIN: GB00BPVFDQ57 Sedol: BPVFDQ5 Distribution Payment Dates:

#### Performance (%)

Fund/Sector rank



#### **Risk statistics**

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	years	years
Annualised volatility (%)	11.5	12.6

115/141

3 years

5 years

43/130

10 years

84/124

- Fund - Performance reference - Sector

Performance data source: © Morningstar, dates to 31.03.24, NAV based, (net of fees, excluding initial charges), total return with net income reinvested where applicable, in Sterling. The Fund does not track an index, any index shown is for illustrative purposes only. On 07 July 2017, the Fund changed its name from Managed Growth to Global Multi-Asset Total Return. There was also an investment objective and policy change, meaning that performance shown prior to this date was achieved under different circumstances. On 24 August 2020, the Fund changed its name from Global Multi-Asset Total Return to Global Macro Allocation. Performance prior to 03 March 2008 has been simulated.

# Global Macro Allocation Fund

Asset Allocation	Portfolio weight (%)	
Equity	57.7%	
Developed market equity	32.4%	
Emerging market equity	25.3%	
Fixed Income	52.2%	
Defensive sovereign debt*	48.9%	
Emerging market hard currency debt	1.3%	
Emerging market local currency debt	2.0%	
Cash	-9.9%	
Total	100.0%	

*Where relevant	, China sovereigr	n bonds is	categorised	within De	fensive
sovereign debt					

Top equity holdings (%)	Portfolio (%)
TKO Group Holdings Inc	2.3%
Synopsys Inc	1.8%
ASML Holding NV	1.7%
AIA Group Ltd	1.7%
Diageo Plc	1.7%
Iberdrola SA	1.6%
Alphabet Inc	1.6%
Tencent Holdings Ltd	1.6%
Contemporary Amperex Technology	1.6%
KLA Corp	1.5%
Total	17.1%

Equity regional allocation	Portfolio (%)
Asia ex-Japan	25.3%
North America	22.8%
UK	10.9%
Europe ex UK	-1.2%
Emerging Markets ex Asia	0.0%
Japan	0.0%
Total	57.7%

Bond portfolio duration breakdown	Portfolio (years)
Defensive sovereign debt	5.9
Emerging market local currency debt	0.1
Emerging market hard currency debt	0.1
Total	6.1

Bond portfolio ratings breakdown	Portfolio (years)
AAA	1.6
AA	0.2
A	1.4
BBB	0.1
BB	0.1
В	0.0
CCC	0.0
Total	3.4

Note: This table includes ratings breakdown for securities held directly within the portfolio and excludes fixed income securities held through certain derivatives or ETF instruments.

Equity sector allocation	Portfolio (%)
Information Technology	12.7%
Financials	10.6%
Health Care	7.1%
Communication Services	6.9%
Consumer Discretionary	6.6%
Industrials	6.3%
Materials	5.8%
Utilities	3.8%
Consumer Staples	3.7%
Real Estate	1.2%
Energy	0.0%
Total	64.9%

The sector equity breakdown table relates to exposures held directly in the fund and excludes derivatives such as futures and options

Active currencies	Portfolio (%)
US dollar	40.4%
Japanese yen	20.0%
Gold	0.0%
EM other	-2.4%
Pound sterling	-6.1%
DM other	-7.3%
Asia ex Japan	-20.2%
Euro	-24.4%

Note: Portfolio is hedged back to base currency

The portfolio may change significantly over a short period of time. This is not a buy or sell recommendation for any particular security. Figures may not always sum to 100 due to rounding.

The yield information has been calculated as at 31.03.24. Where FTSE data is shown, source: FTSE International Limited ("FTSE") © FTSE 2024. Please note a disclaimer applies to FTSE data and can be found at https://research.ftserussell.com/products/downloads/FTSE\_Wholly\_Owned\_Non-Partner.pdf. Where MSCI data is shown, source: MSCI. MSCI makes no express or implied warranties or representations and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any MSCI data contained herein. The MSCI data may not be further redistributed or used as a basis for other indices or any securities or financial products. This report is not approved, endorsed, reviewed or produced by MSCI. None of the MSCI data is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. All other information is from Ninety One at 31.03.24.

#### General risks

The value of these investments, and any income generated from them, will be affected by changes in interest rates, general market conditions and other political, social and economic developments, as well as by specific matters relating to the assets in which they invest

Past performance does not predict future returns; losses may be made. Ongoing costs and charges will impact returns.

For Inc-2 and Inc-3 shares classes, expenses are charged to the capital account rather than to income, so capital will be reduced. This could constrain future capital and income growth. Income may be taxable.

The Fund's objectives will not necessarily be achieved and there is no guarantee that these investments will make profits; losses may be made

Environmental, social or governance related risk events or factors, if they occur, could cause a negative impact on the value of investments.

This Fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to withdraw their money within the short to medium term.

## Specific fund risks

Currency exchange: Changes in the relative values of different currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

**Default:** There is a risk that the issuers of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The worse the credit quality of the issuer, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

**Derivatives:** The use of derivatives may increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses leading to large changes in value and potentially large financial loss. A counterparty to a derivative transaction may fail to meet its obligations which may also lead to a financial loss.

**Equity investment:** The value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. insolvency), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Government securities exposure: The Fund may invest more than 35% of its assets in securities issued or guaranteed by a permitted sovereign entity, as defined in the definitions section of the Fund's prospectus.

Interest rate: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to decrease when interest rates rise.

#### Important information

All data as at 31.03.24. The most up to date fund details (e.g. name, overview, key facts etc) are reflected as at the date of publication. Any changes effective after publication will appear in the next update. This factsheet template was approved by Ninety One on 2 January 2024. This is a marketing communication. We recommend that you seek independent financial advice to ensure this Fund is suitable for your investment needs. This communication should not be distributed to retail customers who are resident in countries where the Fund is not registered for sale or in any other circumstances where its distribution is not authorised or is unlawful

All the information contained in this communication is believed to be reliable but may be inaccurate or incomplete. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold a fund.

The Fund is a sub-fund of the Ninety One Funds Series range (series i - iv) which are incorporated in England and Wales as investment companies with variable capital. Ninety One Fund Managers UK Ltd (registered in England and Wales No. 2392609 and authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority) is the authorised corporate director of the Ninety One Funds Series range.

This communication is not an invitation to make an investment nor does it constitute an offer for sale. Any decision to invest in the Fund should be made only after reviewing the full offering documentation, including the Key Investor Information Documents (KIID) and Prospectus, which set out the fund specific risks. Fund prices and copies of the Prospectus, annual and semi-annual Report & Accounts, Instruments of Incorporation and the Key Investor Information Documents may be obtained from www.ninetyone.com.

#### Glossary summary

**Alpha:** Jensen's alpha is a risk adjusted measure of a fund's performance relative to its performance comparison benchmark.

Beta: A measure of the volatility of a fund relative to its performance comparison index, i.e. how sensitive the fund is to movements in the market. A figure greater than 1 indicates that the fund will tend to outperform in a rising market and under perform in a falling one, i.e. is more volatile than the market. The reverse applies to a Beta of less than 1.

Credit rating: A score awarded by an independent rating agency to indicate the financial strength of the issuer of a bond, and the potential for a default on interest and principal payments. The top credit rating is 'AAA'. The lowest rating to be considered 'investment grade' is 'BBB'. Below 'BBB', bonds are termed 'sub investment grade' or 'high yield'. Average credit ratings are based on the individual bond ratings issued by the ratings agencies. For each bond, the ratings issued by each agency are combined to form a single rating based on the methodology that most closely matches the performance comparison index (PCI), otherwise median is typically used where there is no PCI. The portfolio rating is the

#### Distribution types

Accumulation (Acc): An accumulation share will not make income payments to shareholders but will instead accrue the income daily in the net asset value of the share class. Income is deemed distributed for UK tax purposes.

Income (Inc): An income share will distribute all or part of the income accruing in that share class.

Income-2 (Inc-2): These distribute the income accruing in the share class and charge all their expenses to capital. This maximises the income available for distribution – although it also reduces capital by an equivalent extent which could constrain future capital and income growth. This can be inefficient from a tax perspective in those countries where income tax rates are higher than those on capital gains.

**Duration:** This is a measure of risk for funds which invest in bonds as it predicts the sensitivity of the value of a fund's portfolio given changes in interest rates. The higher the value the greater the volatility of the fund's performance resulting from changes to interest rates. The Modified duration is shown.

**OEIC:**Open Ended Investment Company

weighted average of the above bond ratings.

Information ratio: A measure of a portfolio manager's skill against a performance comparison index. The over or underperformance of the fund relative to its performance comparison index is divided by the tracking error. In this way, we arrive at the value, per unit of extra risk assumed, that the manager's decisions have added to what the market would have delivered anyway. The higher the Information Ratio the better.

KIID SRRI: The Synthetic Risk Reward Indicator (SRRI) which appears in the Key Investor Information Document (KIID). A number on a scale of 1 to 7 based on how much the value of a fund has fluctuated over the past 5 years (or an estimate if the fund has a shorter track record). A rating of 1 represents the lower end of the risk scale with potentially lower rewards available whilst a rating of 7 reflects higher risk but potentially higher rewards.

Maturity profile: The average life of each bond in a fund's portfolio, weighted by value.

Ongoing charge: This figure includes the annual management fee and administrative costs but excludes any performance fee or portfolio transaction costs (except in the case of an entry or exit charge paid by a fund when buying or selling units in another fund). Ongoing charges may vary from year to year.

NAV: The Net Asset Value (NAV) represents the value of the assets of a fund less its liabilities.

**Sector:** A peer group of funds managed to a similar investment policy. Not every fund will have a relevant sector, but for those that do, a full list of the funds included in the sector can be obtained from us on request.

**Tracking error:** A measure of how much a fund's returns deviate from those of its performance comparison index. The lower the number the closer the fund's historic performance has followed that of its performance comparison index. **Volatility:**The amount by which the performance of a fund fluctuates over a given period.

YTD: Year to date.

For an explanation of other statistical terms, please see www.ninetyone.com/glossary

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Telephone calls may be recorded for training, monitoring and regulatory purposes and to confirm investors' instructions.